

Figure 1: Traditional paradigm for monitoring claim fraud, organizations must be a member to access the NICB database.

Membership

**Challenge:** To create a secure Blockchain-based solution for insurance claim processing with data-driven methods and risk assessment

## **Solution and Novelty**

- We design and implement a novel consortium Blockchain i.e., *ClaimChain* to facilitate insurance claims processing
- We present a formal threat modeling of attacks realizable in ClaimChain through attack trees
- We utilize red flags identified by NICB and use ML models to detect fraudulent activities with significant accuracy

accar	acy	
Attributes	NICB Database	ClaimChain
Authority	The database is centralized in nature	ClaimChain uses blockchain whic decentralized
Transparency	NICB administrators only decide what data to be made public	ClaimChain offers transparency
Integrity	NICB uses database that can be altered by malicious actors and can lose data integrity	<i>ClaimChain</i> supports <b>integrity</b> in update made is validated through algorithm
Data Handling	The data can be erased or replaced as databases utilize CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)	ClaimChain offers immutability n data tampering is possible within

#### Figure 2: Blockchain VS NICB Database.



Attack Tree Figure 3: Formal threat modeling using attack trees and quantitative probability analysis using Statistical Model Checking.

# ClaimChain: Secure Blockchain Platform for Handling Insurance Claim Processing

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Outcome

Law Enforcers



data as any consensus

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# **Contribution 1:** *ClaimChain* for Claim Processing

Utilizes consortium Blockchain to track the entire population of claims across participating agencies Offers built-in fraud detection via our fraud model that checks e.g., duplicate claim information present and creates alerts based on NICB redflags

Layer

CouchDB

**Figure 4:** Fraud Detection unit uses machine learning models to detect fraudulent activities through red flags identified by NICB.



# **Contribution 2: Security Design Principles**

- We create attack trees to model different attacks in terms of Loss of Integrity by decomposing their execution into individual goals The statistical modeling checking tool i.e., UPAAAL tool provides the quantitative analysis of different attacks on the system
- Recommended design principles help in reduction of probability of attacks on the ClaimChain system



**Figure 6:** Security Attack tree for Loss of Integrity for ClaimChain application



Figure 5: Snapshot of ClaimChain 'Issue' and 'Approve' transactions; 'Issue' creates a claim object with passed claim information, marks it as 'ISSUED', and inserts it into the claim registry; 'Approve' retrieves the claim from the registry, updates it with settlement value and risk score, and marks the claim as 'APPROVED'.

**Goal:** To understand the impact of different attack scenarios on the ClaimChain system and show the effectiveness of fraud detection module in our system.

- from 0 to 240 seconds.
- principles.



Figure 10: Illustration (see left Fig.) of probability for different Loss of Integrity attack scenarios and the probability reduction (see right Fig.) after applying design principles.

- efficiency, and trust



#### **Performance Evaluation**

• We use a dataset with 15,430 claims out of which 924 are fraudulent claims and each claim comprises of 33 attributes. In Hyperledger composer, as the number of accounts increases, the processing time to invoke chaincode functions increases,

We evaluated our system by showing the reduction of probability of Loss of Integrity attacks by considering suitable design

## Salient Findings

ClaimChain consortium Blockchain is a futuristic alternative to the NICB's ISO database achieving greater participation, processing

*ClaimChain* fraud model is effective at detecting known red-flags with up to a 98% detection accuracy and effective at combatting duplicate claims among participating agencies

ClaimChain security design principles are effective in protecting insurance claims processing system as seen in reduction of 25% probability of Loss of Integrity before and after application



